

COT by Independent advice, research and management for construction and industry



Civil projects Corrosionprotection Laboratory

Jan Tademaweg 40
2031 CV Haarlem
P.O. Box 2113
2002 CC Haarlem
The Netherlands
T +31 23-5319544
F +31 23-5277229
E info@cot-nl.com
I www.cot-nl.com

REPORT

Testing of the system ZINGA (60-80 μ m) / Zingaceram ZM EP MIO HS 120 μ m according to ISO 12944-6 C5-I High

Haarlem, 4 June 2014

Client

: Zingametall bvba

Industriepark - Rozenstraat 4

B - 9810 Eke (Belgium)

Contact person: Mr. Eng. J. vanden Abeele

Project number

: 20140016

Report number

: LAB14-0205-REP Revision 1

Handled by

: Mr. Ing. A.R. van Marion

Copy Right This report contains 8 numbered pages and is property of COT by (Netherlands). No part of this report may be copied, distributed, inserted in any text document, or reproduced in any other way or published, without written permission of COT by (Netherlands). This report is not transferable to any person or body, serves only to take cognisable and gives in no way the rights on this report, neither can lay a claim to any in this report discussed product or method. Use of information from this report is not permitted without written permission of COT by. When not agreed in the by COT by provided order confirmation, our Rules of Service are applicable.





CONTENTS

1	INTRODUCTION	3
1.1	Order	3
1.2	General information	3
2	PAINT APPLICATION	3
3	PROCECURE	4
3.1	Dry film thickness	4
3.2	Adhesion	4
3.3	Neutral Salt Spray	4
3.4	Condensation test	5
3.5	Chemical immersion test	5
4	RESULTS	6
4.1	Reference Adhesion test	6
4.2	Neutral Salt Spray test	6
4.3	Condensation test	6
4.4	Chemical Immersion test	7
5	CONCLUSION	8

ANNEX: Photographs



1 **INTRODUCTION**

1.1 Order

By order of Zingametall byba in Eke, Belgium, the Centrum voor Onderzoek en Technisch advies (COT bv) in Haarlem, The Netherlands, has tested the system ZINGA (60-80 µm) / Zingaceram ZM EP MIO HS (120 μm) according to ISO 12944-6 C5-I High.

The tests are described in the e-mail of 15 October 2013 16:06. The order has been given with the Bestelbon 2013/179/JVA/GW of 16-10-2013.

1.2 General information

Table 1: Samples

COT sample number	Samples	Received
14-01-14/0020	30 coated steel panels*,	14-01-2014
	dimensions 100 x 150 mm	

^{*} Panels code by COT

Test specification

Corrosivity category

: ISO 12944-6 : C5-I : High, Industrial Durability range

2 **PAINT APPLICATION**

The coating system has been applied by the client according to specifications.

Table 2: System build-up.

Layer	Product	No. Coats	DFT (µm)	Colour
1	ZINGA	1	60-80	Zinc
2	Zingaceram ZM EP MIO HS	1	120	Grey
System	Total system thickness		180-200	Grey



3 PROCECURE

3.1 Dry film thickness

The dry film thickness of the coating has been measured in accordance with ISO 2808, method 7C using a digital gauge (COT E004) with magnetic induction probe. From a minimum of five measurements per specimen panel, the minimum, maximum, average and corresponding standard deviation have been reported, corrected for medium roughness (25 micrometers). In deviation of report procedure of ISO 2808, individual measurements are not reported here.

3.2 Adhesion

Adhesion value is determined for unexposed reference panels as well as for exposed panels, which have been acclimated for 24 hours at 23 \pm 2 °C and 50 \pm 5 % RH.

For systems with a nominal coating thickness (nDFT) less than 250 micrometers, the adhesion of the coating system is determined by cross-cut test with the use of a single blade cutting tool in accordance with ISO 2409.

For systems with a nDFT above 250 micrometers, the adhesion of the coating is determined by pull-off test, employing a pneumatic adhesion tester (COT A006) in accordance with ISO 4624. The coating surface and the dolly are sanded lightly and degreased with neat ethanol. An epoxy adhesive is employed and allowed to cure overnight. Prior to testing the coating is scribed around the dollies down to the substrate. The average corrected reading of performed measurements is reported.

The method most suited is employed with systems which nDFT is close to 250 µm.

3.3 Neutral Salt Spray

From January $31^{\rm st}$ 2014 to April $1^{\rm st}$ 2014, for a total of 1440 hours exposure, the resistance to neutral salt spray has been tested on three scribed test panels in accordance with ISO 9227 NSS. The scribe mark has been made through the coating down to the substrate using a sharp knife.

General data

Apparatus number : COT S006

Type of water : Demineralised water (< 1 μ S) Salt : Sodium chloride (NaCl) p.a.

Test temperature : 35 °C

Collected salt solution : 1.0 – 2.0 ml/hour/80 cm²

pH of the collected salt solution : 6.5 - 7.2Salt concentration of the collected solution : 50 ± 5 g/l

Immediately after the test, the panels have been examined for defects according to ISO 4628. The adhesion has been determined after 24 hours reconditioning at 23 ± 2 °C and 50 ± 5 % RH.



3.4 Condensation test

From January 28th 2014 to February 27th 2014, for a total of 720 hours exposure, the resistance to water condensation has been tested on three test panels in accordance with ISO 6270-1.

General data

Apparatus : Cleveland condensation tester (COT C001)

Temperature of the air space : 38 ± 2 °C Temperature environment : 23 ± 2 °C

Exposition angle : approx. 60 ° to the horizontal

Immediately after the test, the panels have been examined for defects according to ISO 4628. The adhesion has been determined after 24 hours reconditioning at 23 ± 2 °C and 50 ± 5 % RH.

3.5 Chemical immersion test

From January 30^{th} 2014 to February 6^{th} 2014, for a total of 168 hours exposure, the resistance to chemical immersion has been tested on three test panels for each chemical in accordance with ISO 2812-1. The immersion chemicals are 10 % aqueous H_2SO_4 , 10 % aqueous NaOH and a mineral spirit with 18 % aromatics.

In each solution three test panels have been immersed for 60 %. The test temperature was 23 \pm 2 °C.

Immediately after the test, the panels have been examined for defects according to ISO 4628. The adhesion has been determined after 24 hours reconditioning at 23 ± 2 °C and 50 ± 5 % RH.



4 RESULTS

4.1 Reference Adhesion test

Table 3: Adhesion reference test

Reference No exposure		COT sample number 14-01-14/0020		Requirements	
		Panel 7	Panel 8	Panel 26	
DFT (µm)	Min - max.	146 – 173	153 – 192	136 - 170	
	Mean	159 ± 10	170 ± 17	155 ± 12	≤ 228 µm
ISO 2409	Classification	1	0	1	0 or 1

4.2 Neutral Salt Spray test

Table 4: Assessment after neutral salt spray test

Exposure: Neutral salt spray ISO 9227, 1440 hours		COT sample number 14-01-14/0020			Requirements
		Panel 15	Panel 16	Panel 17	
DFT (µm)	Min max.	175 - 181	148 - 200	163 - 182	
	Mean	178 ± 2	172 ± 22	173 ± 8	≤ 228 µm
Blistering	ISO 4628-2	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)
Rusting	ISO 4628-3	Ri0	Ri0	Ri0	Ri 0
Cracking	ISO 4628-4	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)
Flaking	ISO 4628-5	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)
Corrosion from scribe (mm)		0	0	0	≤ 1 mm
ISO 2409	Classification	1	1	1	0 or 1

4.3 Condensation test

Table 5: Assessment after condensation test

Exposure: Condensation		COT sample numbers 14-01-14/0020			Requirements
ISO 6270-	ISO 6270-1, 720 hours		Panel 19	Panel 20	
DFT (µm)	Min max.	153 - 182	179 - 208	174 - 186	
	Mean	170 ± 11	190 ± 13	182 ± 5	≤ 228 µm
Blistering	ISO 4628-2	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)
Rusting	ISO 4628-3	Ri 0	Ri 0	Ri 0	Ri 0
Cracking	ISO 4628-4	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)
Flaking	ISO 4628-5	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)
ISO 2409	Classification	1	1	1	0 or 1



4.4 Chemical Immersion test

Table 6: Assessment after immersion test, 10 % NaOH.

Exposure: Immersion, 10 % NaOH ISO 2812-1, 168 hours		COT sample numbers 14-01-14/0020			Requirements
		Panel 21	Panel 22	Panel 23	
DFT (µm)	Min max.	163 - 189	162 - 207	175 - 201	
	Mean	179 ± 10	182 ± 19	185 ± 10	≤ 228 µm
Blistering	ISO 4628-2	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)
Rusting	ISO 4628-3	Ri 0	Ri 0	Ri 0	Ri 0
Cracking	ISO 4628-4	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)
Flaking	ISO 4628-5	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)
ISO 2409	Classification	0	1	1	0 or 1

Table 7: Assessment after immersion test, 10 % H₂SO₄.

Exposure: Immersion, 10 % H ₂ SO ₄ ISO 2812-1, 168 hours		COT sample numbers 14-01-14/0020			Requirements
		Panel 24	Panel 25	Panel 27	
DFT (µm)	Min max.	186 - 213	170 - 197	168 - 183	
	Mean	194 ± 11	187 ± 11	177 ± 6	≤ 228 µm
Blistering	ISO 4628-2	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(50)
Rusting	ISO 4628-3	Ri 0	Ri 0	Ri 0	Ri 0
Cracking	ISO 4628-4	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)
Flaking	ISO 4628-5	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)
ISO 2409	Classification	1	0	1	0 or 1

Table 8: Assessment after immersion test, mineral spirit.

Exposure: Immersion, mineral spirit ISO 2812-1, 168 hours		COT sample numbers 14-01-14/0020			Requirements
		Panel 28	Panel 29	Panel 30	
DFT (µm)	Min max.	147 - 196	169 - 186	162 - 194	
	Mean	179 ± 20	177 ± 7	171 ± 13	≤ 228 µm
Blistering	ISO 4628-2	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)
Rusting	ISO 4628-3	Ri 0	Ri 0	Ri 0	Ri 0
Cracking	ISO 4628-4	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)
Flaking	ISO 4628-5	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)	0(S0)
ISO 2409	Classification	0	1	1	0 or 1



5 CONCLUSION

The system ZINGA (60-80 μ m) / Zingaceram ZM EP MIO HS (120 μ m), applied to steel panels (COT sample number 14-01-14/0020), meets all requirements of ISO 12944-6 C5-I High.

CENTRUM VOOR ONDERZOEK EN TECHNISCH ADVIES (COT bv)

Ing. A.R. van Marion Laboratory Technician

Dr. B.P. Alblas Manager Laboratory



ANNEX

Photographs



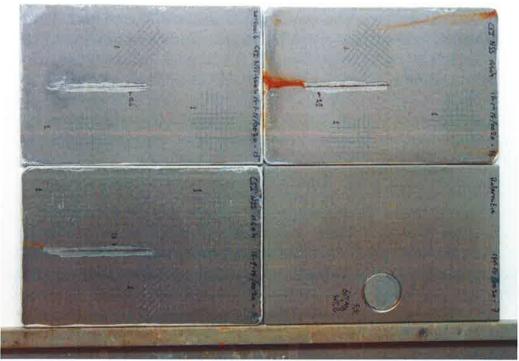


Photo 1: Panels after 1440 hours Neutral Salt Spray Test.

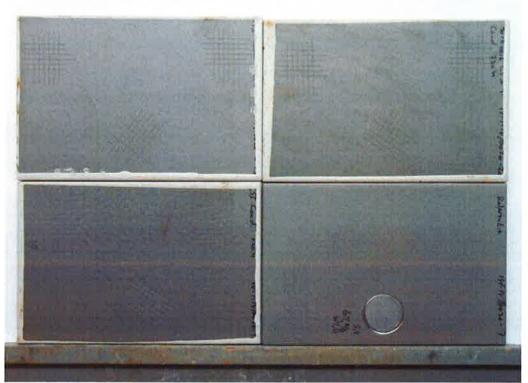


Photo 2: Panels after 720 hours Condensation Test.



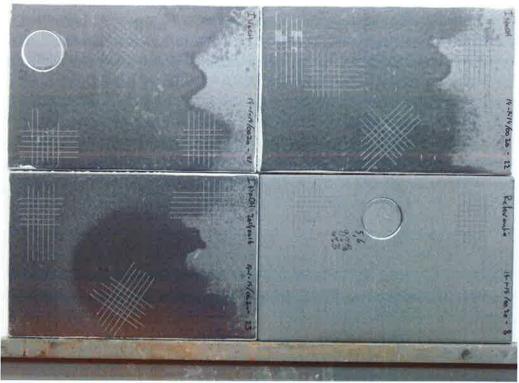


Photo 3: Panels after 168 hours NaOH Immersion Test.

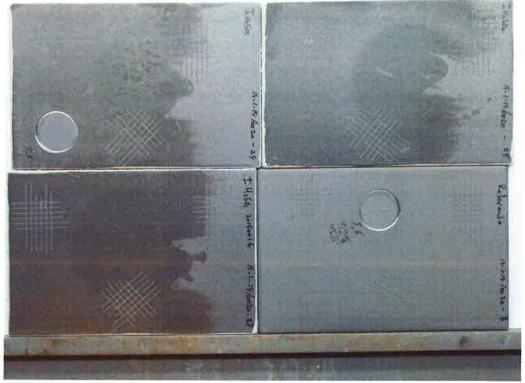


Photo 4: Panels after 168 hours H₂SO₄ Immersion Test



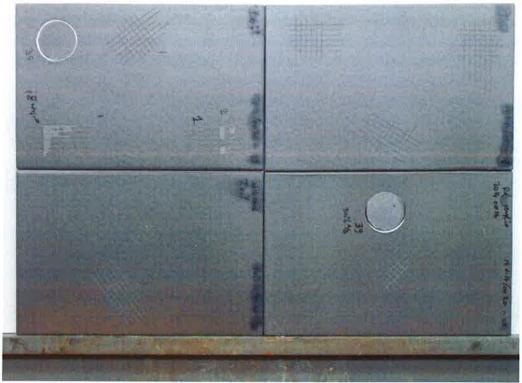


Photo 5: Panels after 168 hours Mineral Spirit Immersion Test.